





DAML Integrated ONtology Evolution (DIONE) Tools

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Agenda



- Brief Overview
- Components Approach and Plans
 - ONTADEPT (Kettler)
 - VPI (Heflin)
- Demonstrations of initial work at the Demo Session



DIONE Project



- Sponsored by DARPA (DAML)
- Supporting ontology versioning in SATURN and other Semantic Web applications
 - ontologies in Web Ontology Language (OWL)
- Plan to deploy tools to SATURN and via http://www.SemWebCentral.org
 - SATURN users are knowledge engineers authoring/maintaining ontologies and end users of the Portal/Query capability
- Underway in April 2004 (9 month effort)
 - tools to be deployed in CY04
- Contractors: ISX (prime) and Lehigh University



Ontology Versioning/Evolution Problem



- Ontologies are proliferating
 - distributed authors and consumers
- Change is inevitable
 - change in conceptualization of a domain
 - concepts added, changed, etc.
 - change in specification of a conceptualization
 - change in representation
 - e.g., SHOE -> DAML -> OWL
- More than just configuration management
- Wish to avoid
 - breaking dependent ontologies, applications, and data
 - rendering existing data inaccessible or incomprehensible
 - extensive effort to translate existing data
- Reduces in worst case to the ontology mapping problem.
 - i.e., if change between versions is extensive enough
- Some previous work to leverage
 - database schema versioning (e.g., see [Roddick 1995])
 - ontology versioning/evolution e.g., Stanford (N.Noy/M.Musen Protégé, PROMPT, etc.), U. Maryland (J.Heflin/J.Hendler), Vrije University (M.Klein/D.Fensel OntoView), U. Karlsruhe (Stojanoic/Motik), etc.



Scope



- Not solving the entire versioning problem (still an active research area...)
 - going for "low hanging fruit"
 - need practical tools to handle routine cases soon for SATURN
- Addressing more "routine" changes between versions (vs. total refactoring)
- Not solving the (general) ontology consistency problem
 - other tools for this (e.g., Chimaera, ConsVISor, DL-based reasoners)
- Not doing change detection
 - "ontology diff" other tools do this (e.g., PROMPTDiff, OntoView, etc)
- Compatibility is really at the level of conceptualization (versus specification)
 - i.e., inside the ontology author's head
 - assume (for the sake of simplification)
 - that a term in Version 2 has the same meaning (i.e., same set of instances intended by the author) as the same term in Version 1
 - that a term in Version 1 maps to some term in Version 2
- Focus initially on "ontology modification scenarios" for the "basic" OWL constructs



Ontology Modification Scenarios (Example)



- Scenarios for ontology versioning
 - mostly above the "atomic" change level
 - focus on "basic" OWL constructs initially
- Example: OMS-1: create a new concept C
 - Steps (not necessarily in order):
 - define new class C
 - locate C within the class hierarchy in O
 - Variant 1: add C as a new leaf class of existing ("native" or imported) classes F1..Fn
 - may need to add new subclasses between Ei and C
 - · Variant 2: add C into the middle of ontology hierarchy
 - add new subclasses to C
 - define unique characteristics of C (optional)
 - add new properties applicable to C
 - modify existing properties
 - restrict properties for C
 - e.g., range, cardinality, etc.
 - add class expressions involving C (optional)
 - E.g. create a new concept Shoe Bomb
 - define class ShoeBomb
 - add into hierarchy with parent classes Shoe and Bomb (or combine Shoe and Bomb using an OWL class intersection)
 - add new property mininumShoeSize for ShoeBomb
 - restrict property maxContainedExplosivesLbs to 1.5
- Prioritize scenarios based on frequency, SATURN needs, etc.



DIONE Tools

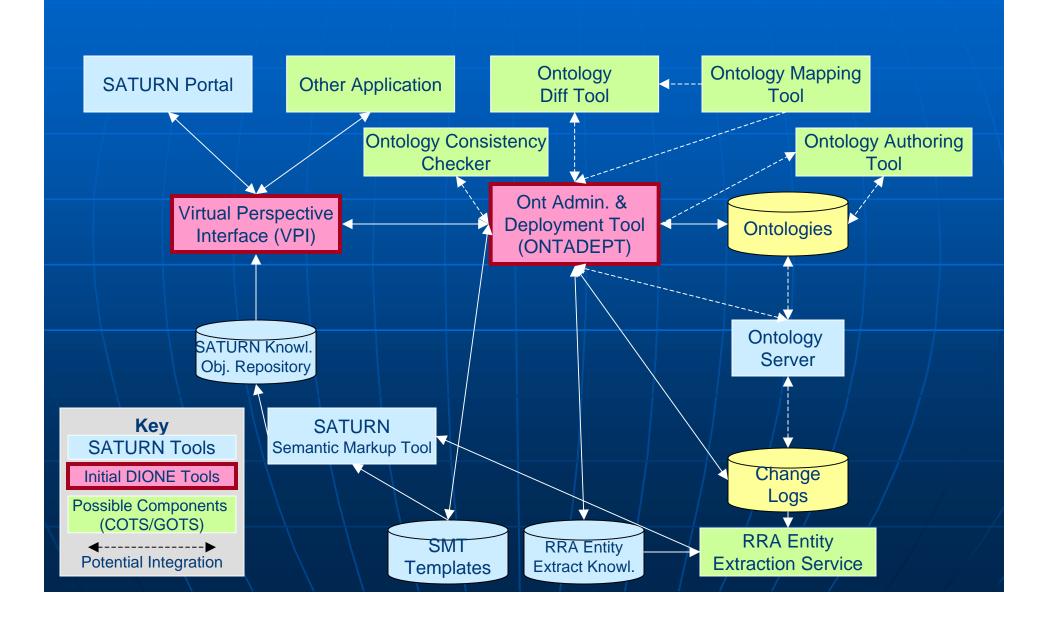


- Pre-deployment/Post-deployment support (ISX)
 - when ontologies change, manage subsequent changes smoothly (e.g., other ontologies, markup templates, etc.)
 - tools used by a knowledge engineer
 - Ontology Admin and Deployment Tools (ONTADEPT)
- Post-deployment support (Lehigh)
 - when ontologies change, make sense of instance data
 - focus initially on accessing old data with new ontologies
 - supports concurrent use of old and new ontologies
 - avoids need to translate old data
 - users are people (or client applications) querying a knowledge base of instance data
 - theory of ontology perspectives
 - applied in Virtual Perspective Interface (VPI) tool



System Concept



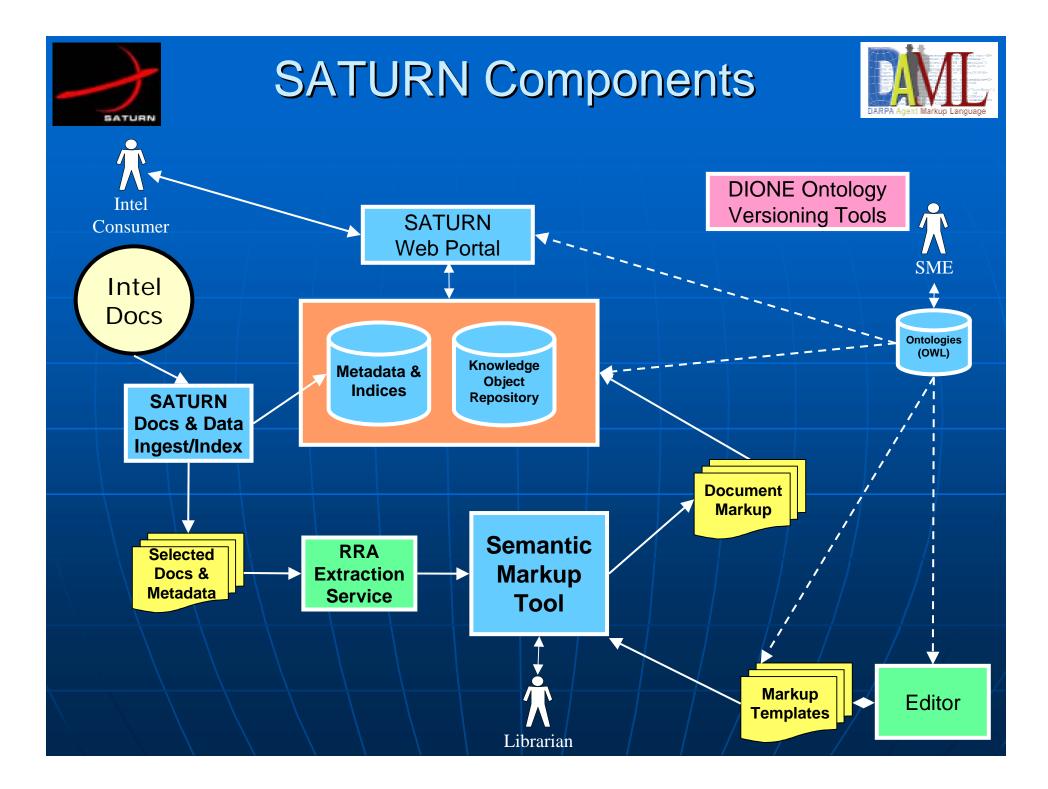




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Dependency Management



- Determine Dependencies
 - parse files (ontologies, templates, etc.)
 - get from user (for complex dependencies)
 - infer
 - using Drexel's OWLJessKB
 - http://edge.cs.drexel.edu/assemblies/software/owljesskb/
 - uses HP's Jena for ont. parsing, Sandia's Java Expert System Shell (Jess) for inference
 - uses CLPS rules based on OWL specification plus others
 - using XML (Java) parser for templates
- Track Dependencies
 - store (cache) persistently
- Provide GUI for Knowledge Engineer to
 - view/edit dependencies
 - e.g., what depends on X, what does X depend on



Change Management



- Change Detection/Determination
 - obtain from user (as actual or proposed changes), an "ont diff" tool, or an external tool (e.g., ont authoring tool's log)
 - DIONE focus on what to do with changes once they've been determine
- Change Propagation
 - determine subsequent changes
 - · rules (in Jess) to propagate
 - some changes suggested by inconsistencies
 - as determined by (external) consistency checker
 - rules may help to pinpoint cause of inconsistency, remedy
- Change Tracking
 - changes required
 - stored as tasks on an agenda
 - changes made
 - stored as entries in a change log (machine-processable, using ontology of changes)
- GUI for Knowledge Engineer
 - view/edit changes see rationale (dependencies/rules)





Agenda Management

- Agenda (Task) Tracking
 - maintain status of tasks (changes)
 - workflow management*
- Agenda (Task) Execution*
 - provide automation to assist with task execution
 - e.g., launch appropriate editor to make a change, replace strings in a file, etc.
 - interface with other editors (e.g., ontology authoring tool)
- GUI for a Knowledge Engineer
 - view/edit task (task status, etc.)

*not a DIONE Phase 1 focus (may be done under SATURN)



Agenda



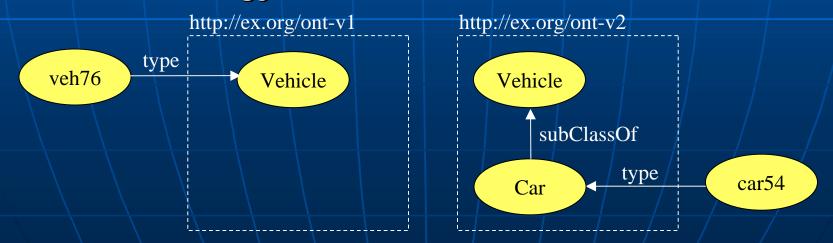
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Post-deployment Versioning



- Each new version has new URL
 - other users may have committed to your ontology
 - "point at" it using its URL
 - if you change the file at that location, then you change their commitment without their consent
- But what happens to data that committed to the older ontology?

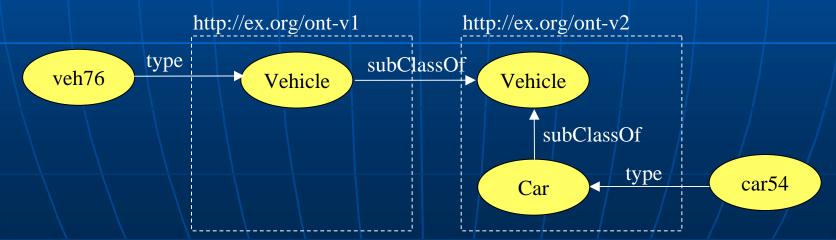




Prospective Use of Data



- View old data through a new ontology
 - we want veh76 to be a v2: Vehicle
 - however, different versions have different namespaces
 - thus classes are distinct
- Solution?
 - relate classes/properties using subClassOf/subPropertyOf
 - all instances of v1: Vehicle are now instances of v2: Vehicle





Versioning in OWL



- priorVersion
 - indicates a previous version of an ontology
- backwardCompatibleWith
 - indicates a version with which ontology is backward compatible
- DeprecatedClass
 - used to signify that a class should no longer be used
- DeprecatedProperty
 - used to signify that a property should no longer be used
- versionInfo
 - used for CVS-like strings
- incompatibleWith
 - opposite of backwardCompatible with





OWL Versioning Syntax

```
<rdf:rdf xmlns:owl="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#"
         xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
         xmlns:rdfs="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#">
<owl:Ontology rdf:about="">
  <owl:priorVersion rdf:resource="http://ex.org/schema-v1">
  <owl:backwardCompatibleWith rdf:resource="http://ex.org/schema-v1">
</owl>
<owl:DeprecatedClass rdf:ID="Megalodon">
<owl:Class rdf:ID="Dolphin">
  <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="#Mammal">
</owl:Class>
</rdf:rdf>
```





Semantics for Versioning

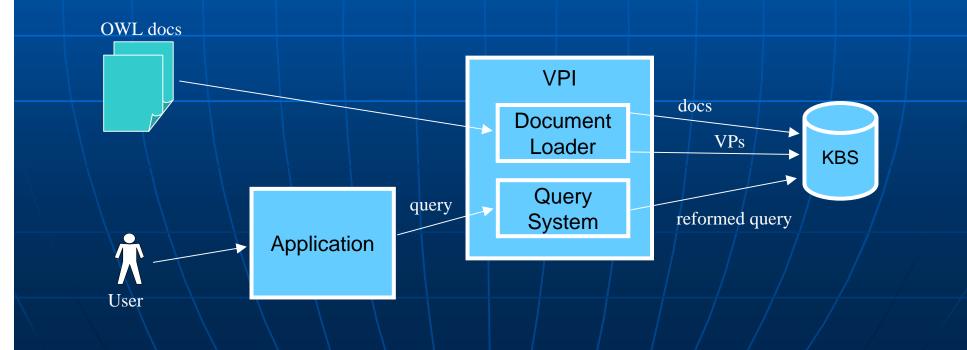
- OWL has little to no semantics for versioning properties
- Ontology Perspective Theory
 - originally developed for SHOE
 - allows multiple views of the same data
 - each view based on an ontology
 - an initial semantics for versioned ontologies
 - in particular, semantics for backward-compatible-with
 - prospective use of selected data



Virtual Perspective Interface



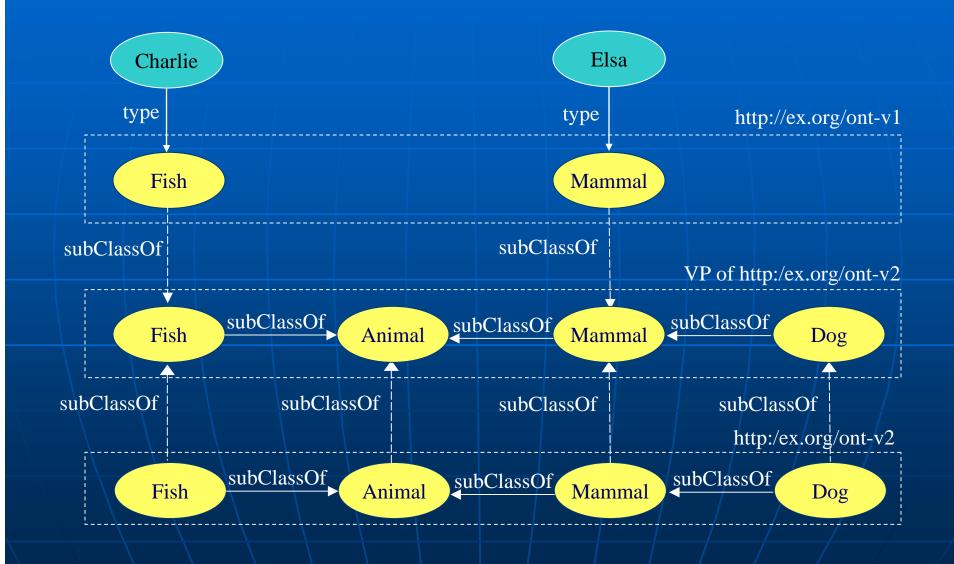
- Middle layer between user and any OWL KB system
- Allows KB to perform perspective-based entailment without modifying internals
- Works by creating a virtual OWL ontology that results in perspective entailments using only OWL entailment







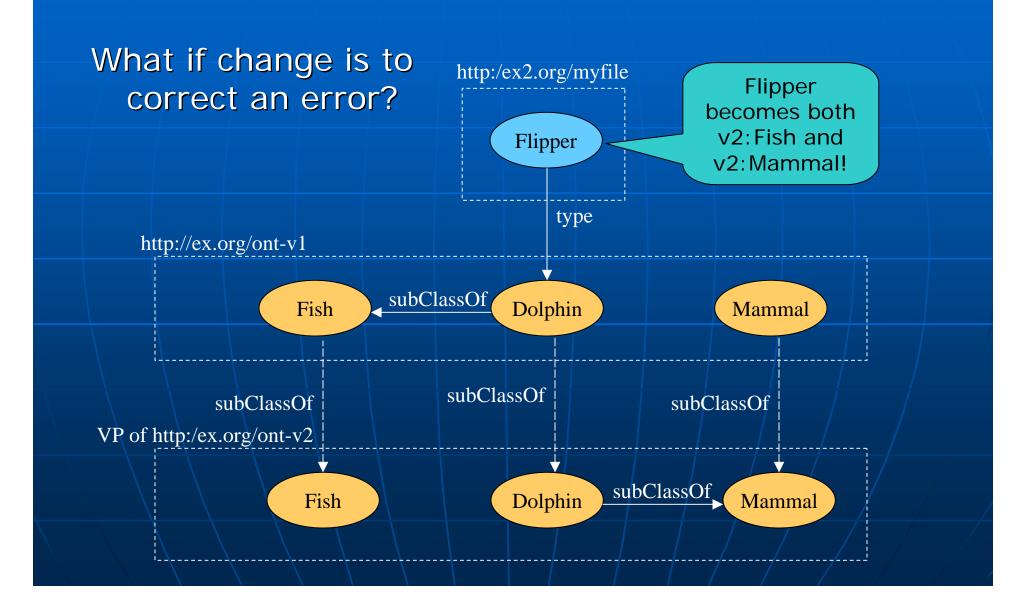
Simple VPI Example





Challenge











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Detail/Backup Slides



SATURN Requirements (Year 1 and Beyond)



- Determine dependencies
 - within an ontology (consistency)
 - · between ontology and
 - another ontology markup template
 - entity extraction rules/patterns
 - applications/components
 - instance data in a KB represented using the ontology
- Evaluate changes (actual or proposed)
 - to an ontology, template, etc.
 - determine changes (detect, represent, etc.)
 - assess impact (change propagation)
 - log changes (in a machine-processable way)
- Track agenda of tasks (changes to make)
 - track task status
 - assist in task (change) execution: e.g., launch editors, replace strings, etc.
 - interface with CM system for version file management, rollback, etc.
- GUI for above for a knowledge engineer
 - view/edit dependencies, changes, and tasks
- Interface with ontology/template authoring tools/IDE
 - e.g., Protégé for ontologies, XML Spy for markup templates (XML), etc
- Above should scale well and support eventual distributed ontology authorship



Other Ontology Modification Scenarios (1)



- OMS-1: create a new concept C
- OMS-2: Add new property P
- Refine an existing concept C
 - OMS-3a: add "slot" (property/constraint) to C [explicative change]

TBD

- OMS-3b: Divide C into subclasses S1...Sn
- Refine an existing property P
 - OMS-4a: Divide P into subprops S1...Sn
 - e.g., siblingOf -> brotherOf and sisterOf (both subprops of siblingOf)
- OMS-5: delete class C hard (handle later) [might be same as merge with parent class]
- OMS-6: delete prop P hard (handle later) [might be same as merge with parent class]
- OMS-7: create a parent class C for subclasses C1 and C2
 - e.g., InanimateThing is new parent class for Vegetable and Mineral
- OMS-8: create a parent prop P for subprops P1 and P2
 - e.g., siblingOf is new parent prop for brotherOf and sisterOf

Need to select & prioritize for DIONE (e.g., based on SATURN needs, etc.)



Other Ontology Modification Scenarios (2)



- OMS-9: merge classes C1 and C2 into C
 - e.g., FixedWingAircraft & RotaryWingAircraft -> Aircraft
- OMS-10: merge props P1 and P2 into P (delete P1 and P2)
 - e.g., lengthOf & widthOf -> areaOf (delete lengthOf & widthOf)
- OMS-11: split class C into C1 and C2 (delete C?) hard (handle later)
 - e.g., Aircraft -> FixedWingAircraft & RotaryWingAircraft (delete Aircraft)
- OMS-12: split prop P into P1 and P2 (delete P?) hard (handle later)
 - e.g., areaOf -> lengthOf and widthOf (delete areaOf)
- OMS-13: rename class C
- OMS-14: rename prop P
- OMS-15: replace class C with property P (i.e., attribute becomes a class)
 - e.g., Class MotorizedVehicle -> Property propulsionMethod = Motorized
 - e.g., Class RedThing -> Property color = Red
- OMS-16: replace property P with class C (i.e., class becomes an attribute)
 - e.g., Property propulsionMethod = Motorized -> Class MotorizedVehicle
 - add additional props?
 - e.g., Property color = Red -> Class RedThing
 - OWL: use class expression since the property is definitional?
- OMS-17: change a property's characteristics (e.g., its type, etc.) [BREAKDOWN]
 - e.g., Datatype prop to Object Type prop
 - e.g., XSD date/time string to DAML Spatial date/time object
 - e.g., domain/range changes
 - e.g., transitive -> nontransitive (problem if inferences are cached)
 - make low priority since not used/supported in SATURN now?

Need to select & prioritize for DIONE (e.g., based on SATURN needs, etc.)



Other Ontology Modification Scenarios (3)



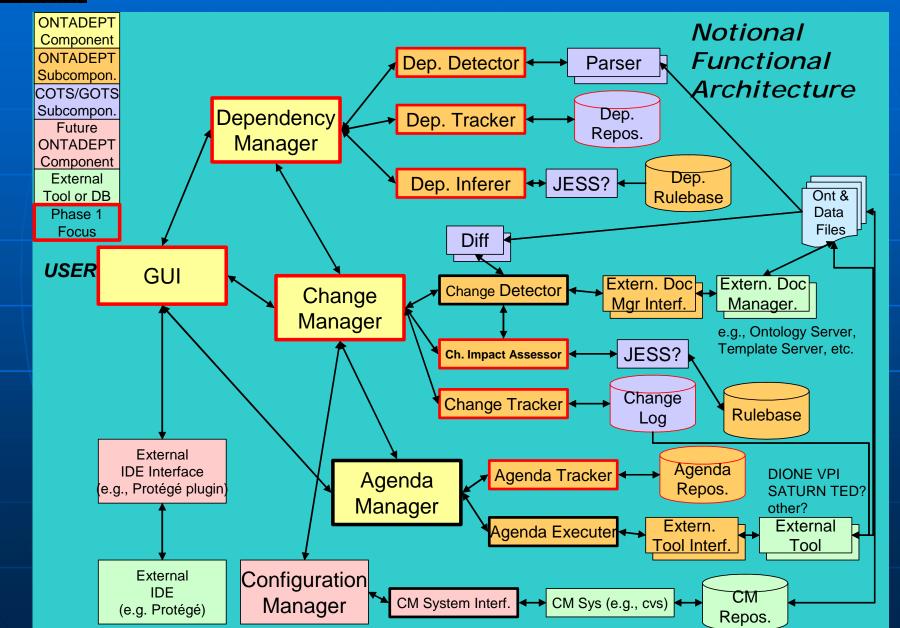
- OMS-18a: add annotation property (of a class, property, individual, or ontology)
 - e.g., labels?
- OMS-18b: delete annotation property (of a class, property, individual, or ontology)
- OMS-18c: change annotation property (of a class, property, individual, or ontology)
- OMS-18d: change ontology name (URI)
- OMS-19: change enumerated values for a Class
- OMS-20a: add an Individual (to the ontology)
- OMS-20b: delete an Individual (from the ontology)
- OMS-20c: change an Individual (in the ontology)
- OMS-21: make a class C also an individual I (OWL Full only) also vs. instead
- OMS-22: make an individual I also a class C (OWL Full only) also vs. instead
- 23/24 Deprecate Class/Prop
- OMS-xx: change Property units: e.g., maxRange: miles -> km
- replace class C1 with class C2, where C2 now subsumes C1 covered in above by Refine Class?
- replace prop P1 with prop P2, where P2 now subsumes P1 covered in above by Refine Class?

Need to select & prioritize for DIONE (e.g., based on SATURN needs, etc.)



ONTADEPT Functional Architecture

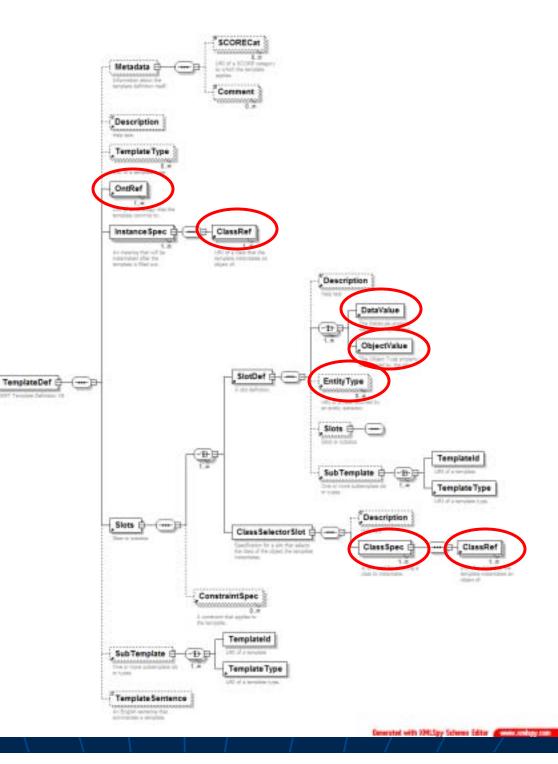






SATURN Markup Template Representation: XML Schema smt.xsd

Ontology Reference





SATURN SMT Sample Template (PersonAffil.xml)



```
<TemplateDef id="SatPersonAffil" label="Person Affilitation" defSchema="&smtxsd;"
   defSchemaVersion="8.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="C:\BPK\Work\Proj\SATURN\Dev\Ontologies\Templates\smt.xs
   d">
   <Metadata author="Brian Kettler" organization="ISX Corp" versionDate="2004-03-25"</pre>
   versionId="1.8">
          <SCORECat uri="&score;foo"/>
          <SCORECat uri="&score;bar"/>
          <Comment>Subtemplate for various other templates (e.g., MeetingEvent)
   </Metadata>
   <Description>This template describes a person's affilitations/Description>
   <TemplateType uri="&smt;Person"/>
   <OntRef uri="&sont;"/>
   <InstanceSpec id="Person1" isMainInstance="true">
          <ClassRef uri="&sont;Person1"/>
   </InstanceSpec>
   <InstanceSpec id="Org1" isMainInstance="false">
          <ClassRef uri="&sont;Organization"/>
   </InstanceSpec>
   <InstanceSpec id="Country1" isMainInstance="false">
          <ClassRef uri="&sont;Country"/>
   </InstanceSpec>
   <Slots>
         <SlotDef id="PersTitle" label="Title or Rank" datatypeURI="&xsd;string"</pre>
   minOccurs="0">
                    <Description>Person's title or rank/Description>
                    <DataValue subjectId="Person1" propURI="&sont;hasTitle"/>
          </SlotDef>
          <SlotDef id="PersOrg" label="Organization Affilitation"</pre>
   datatypeURI="&xsd;string" minOccurs="0">
                    <Description>Organization person is affilitated with/Description>
                    <ObjectValue subjectId="Person1" propURI="&sont;memberOf"</pre>
   objectId="Org1" isNewInstance="true"/>
```



Kinds of Document Markup in SATURN



All Intel Docs

SATURN Ingested Docs

Auto Marked Up Docs

Manually Marked Up
Docs
(using SMT)

Metadata "Markup" (with automatic categorization) & text indexing by Tarvos

Content Markup: Entity Markup

Content Markup: Entity & Relationship Markup

HTML markup (possibly including metadata tags) & text indexing (e.g., by Google)





VPI Problem Definition

- Reduce ontology perspective entailment to OWL entailment
- Define functions T_{per} and T_{query} such that
 - KB $|=_{O} \alpha$ iff KB \cup T_{per}(O) $|=_{OWL}$ T_{query}(α)
 - |=0 means entailment using O as the ontology perspective
 - |=_{OWI} means OWL-DL entailment
- Additional constraint
 - want T_{per}(P) to produce a small number of axioms
 - scalability for large KBs



Complex VPI Example



